

## Ancient Rome: Reexamined Blackline Master Quizzes

### Blackline Master Quizzes for *Ancient Rome: Reexamined* Program One - *The Rise of the Roman Republic*

#### Blackline Master 1A Quiz

Please circle the best answer (s)

1. Among Rome's great contributions, which has been used by the United States
  - a. The aqueduct
  - b. The Via Appia
  - c. Rome's constitutional system of checks and balances
  - d. Roman satire
  
2. The city state of Rome lasted longer than any other city state of the ancient world.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
3. Rome began as a
  - a. Large Etruscan port city
  - b. Humble Iron Age village
  - c. Vast religious center
  - d. None of the above
  
4. Rome was in a unique position to become a powerful city state because of
  - a. Fertile plains, lush valleys and green hills
  - b. Mild, year-round Mediterranean climate
  - c. Geography
  - d. All of the above
  
5. The legends of Rome have it being founded by
  - a. Etruscan Kings
  - b. Greek City-States
  - c. Romulus and Remus
  - d. Juno and Jupiter
  
6. Rome's greatest strength would be its citizenship.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
7. The fundamental structure of Roman society was based upon
  - a. Slavery
  - b. All were free and equal
  - c. Socialism
  - d. The client-patron system

8. Rome's social system had a shared set of ethical values that included
  - a. Heroism and valor
  - b. Service to Rome and the community
  - c. Never giving up
  - d. All of the above
  
9. Rome was founded on the
  - a. Capitoline Hill
  - b. Palatine Hill
  - c. Caelian Hill
  - d. Valentine Hill
  
10. The Forum was a place where Romans
  - a. Conducted business
  - b. Held debates
  - c. Sold goods
  - d. All of the above
  
11. The greatest evil that Romans saw in government was
  - a. Free speech
  - b. Freedom of religion
  - c. Power concentrated in the hands of one man or woman
  - d. All of the above
  
12. Much of Rome's success and prosperity was fueled by its remarkable engineering feats.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
13. The man most responsible for Rome's aqueducts and roads was
  - a. Caesar Augustus
  - b. Appius Claudius Caecus
  - c. Julius Caesar
  - d. Romulus
  
14. The first great Roman road was the
  - a. Via Duct
  - b. Via Napoli
  - c. Via Roma
  - d. Via Appia
  
15. The language spoken by the Romans was
  - a. Etruscan
  - b. Greek
  - c. Romani
  - d. Latin

**Blackline Master Quizzes for *Ancient Rome: Reexamined***  
**Program Two – *Military Triumphs and Death of the Roman Republic***

**Blackline Master 2A Quiz**

Please circle the best answer (s)

1. Most of Rome's expansion happened during
  - a. The first half of the Republic
  - b. The Empire
  - c. The last 250 years of the Republic
  - d. Under the Emperor Augustus
  
2. The primary Roman military unit was known as the
  - a. Phalanx
  - b. Legion
  - c. Battalion
  - d. None of the above
  
3. In the Republic the Roman military was a professional army.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
4. By the time of Julius Caesar's death in 44 B.C., the Romans had conquered
  - a. The Greeks
  - b. All of northern Africa
  - c. Much of present-day Western Europe
  - d. All of the above
  
5. The collapse of the Republic occurred because Rome's great generals built up huge armies that were loyal to the generals above the Republic.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
6. The first Roman general to rise to power in the Republic was
  - a. Julius Caesar
  - b. Gnaeus Pompey
  - c. Gaius Marius
  - d. Lucius Sulla
  
7. Pick the members of Rome's first ruling Triumvirate from the names below
  - a. Gnaeus Pompey
  - b. Gaius Marius
  - c. Octavius
  - d. Cleopatra
  - e. Lucius Sulla
  - f. Mark Antony
  - g. Julius Cesar
  - h. Marcus Crassus

8. The Roman who put an end to the civil wars of the Republic was
- Mark Antony
  - Octavius
  - Julius Caesar
  - Marcus Crassus
9. Early Roman sculpture copied
- Greek forms
  - Carthaginian ideas
  - Egyptian forms
  - None of the above
10. Match the Roman Gods on the left with their Greek counterparts on the right
- |            |              |
|------------|--------------|
| a. Juno    | e. Aphrodite |
| b. Jupiter | f. Ares      |
| c. Mars    | g. Hera      |
| d. Venus   | h. Zeus      |
11. Rome's greatest legacy and the most treasured guiding principle of Western democracies today is the
- Military
  - Government of the people for the people
  - Aqueducts
  - Roads
12. The greatest debater of the Republic was
- Julius Caesar
  - Octavius
  - Mark Antony
  - Cicero

**Blackline Master Quizzes for *Ancient Rome: Reexamined*  
Program Three - *The Rise and Fall of the Roman Empire***

**Blackline Master 3A Quiz**

Please circle the best answer (s)

1. At the birth of Christ, the most powerful military and political entity on the planet was
  - a. Carthage
  - b. Athens
  - c. Londinium
  - d. Rome
  
2. The Roman Republic was replaced by
  - a. Christianity
  - b. A monarchy
  - c. A commonwealth
  - d. All of the above
  
3. The first Roman Emperor was
  - a. Augustus
  - b. Tiberius
  - c. Julius Caesar
  - d. Caligula
  
4. Augustus reformed the Roman Republic by
  - a. Funding public works
  - b. Controlling the coinage
  - c. Reorganizing the military
  - d. All of the above
  
5. Pick the Emperors of the Julio – Claudian Dynasty
  - a. Tiberius
  - b. Claudius
  - c. Vespasian
  - d. Domitian
  - e. Nero
  - f. Caligula
  
6. The Pax Romana was marked by
  - a. Peace
  - b. Prosperity
  - c. Accomplishment
  - d. All of the above
  
7. The way the Roman Empire maintained its strength and its peace was by brutally conquering territories and establishing iron-fisted control.
  - a. True
  - b. False

8. Christianity was founded by
  - a. Jesus
  - b. Sol of Tarsus
  - c. The Apostles
  - d. None of the above
  
9. Apocalypticism held that evil powers – divine and human – controlled the world.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
10. The man who spread Christianity throughout the Roman Empire was
  - a. Jesus
  - b. Socrates
  - c. Sol of Tarsus
  - d. Constantine
  
11. The last Great Emperor of the Roman Empire was
  - a. Sol of Tarsus
  - b. Constantine
  - c. Hadrian
  - d. Marcus Aurelius
  
12. Roman Emperors began the process of institutionalizing Christianity, using the old Roman model of social organization.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
13. The traditional date for the fall of the Roman Empire is
  - a. 312 A.D.
  - b. 212 A.D.
  - c. 376 A.D.
  - d. 476 A.D.

**Blackline Master Quizzes for *Ancient Rome: Reexamined*  
Program Four - *The Splendor of Imperial Rome***

**Blackline Master 4A Quiz**

Please circle the best answer (s)

1. Rome started as a simple Iron Age village.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
2. The heart of ancient Rome was
  - a. The Coliseum
  - b. The Circus Maximus
  - c. The Forum
  - d. The Baths of Caracalla
  
3. The Forum was used for
  - a. Business
  - b. Governing
  - c. Religion
  - d. All of the above
  
4. The Forum lost some of its significance after which ruler took control
  - a. Julius Caesar
  - b. Caligula
  - c. Hadrian
  - d. Augustus
  
5. The oldest temple ruin in the Forum is the
  - a. Temple of Vesta
  - b. Temple of Saturn
  - c. Temple of Venus and Rome
  - d. None of the above
  
6. Rome's contribution to the Seven Wonders of the World is
  - a. The Pantheon
  - b. The Coliseum
  - c. The Circus Maximus
  - d. The Palatine Hill
  
7. The Coliseum was noted for its
  - a. Gladiatorial Games
  - b. The meeting of the Roman Senate
  - c. Religious ceremonies
  - d. All of the above

8. Chariot races were held at the
  - a. Coliseum
  - b. Pantheon
  - c. Circus Maximus
  - d. Forum
  
9. The word Palatine has become synonymous with palace.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
10. The Pantheon was built originally to honor
  - a. Christianity
  - b. The Emperor Augustus
  - c. The Roman Gods
  - d. None of the above
  
11. Rome's primary contribution to monumental architecture was the rectilinear shape.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
12. During the Imperial period, the Romans defined the boundaries of present-day Europe and institutionalized Christianity.
  - a. True
  - b. False